

Exploration of the Minimum Visual Impairment Criteria for Para Nordic Skiing using Simulated Vision Impairments

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DISCLOSURES

- Funded by an **International Paralympic Committee Classification Research Grant** (with World Para Snow Sport).
- Additional funding provided by **University of Waterloo**



INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

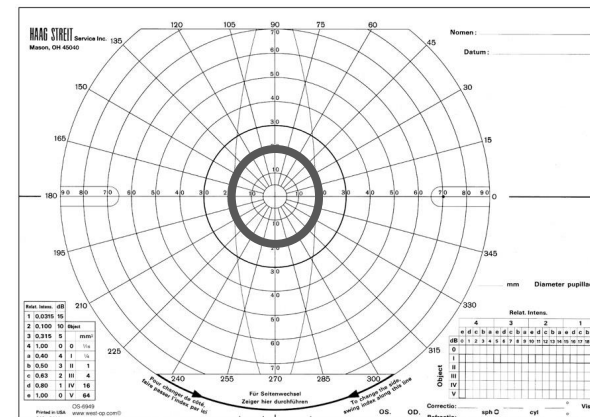
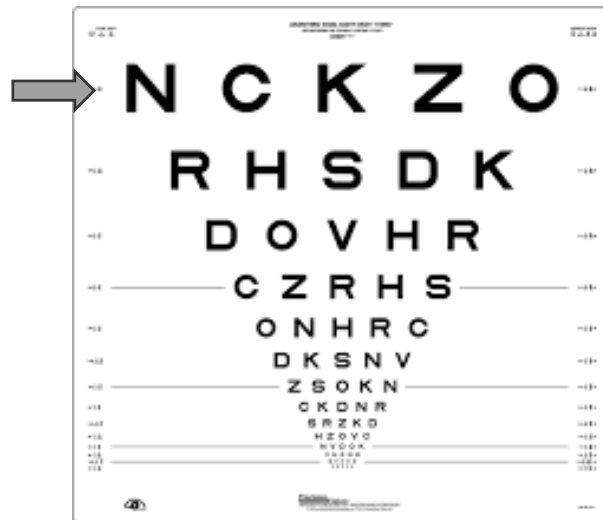
- Classification in Paralympics
- Athlete Classification Code
- Evidence-based classification
 - Determining eligibility – Minimum impairment criteria
 - Allocation of athletes into sport classes
- Purpose
 - Investigate the minimum vision impairment criteria for Para Nordic Skiing using simulated vision impairments in skiers with normal vision in non-adapted Nordic skiing



Current Minimum Impairment Criteria

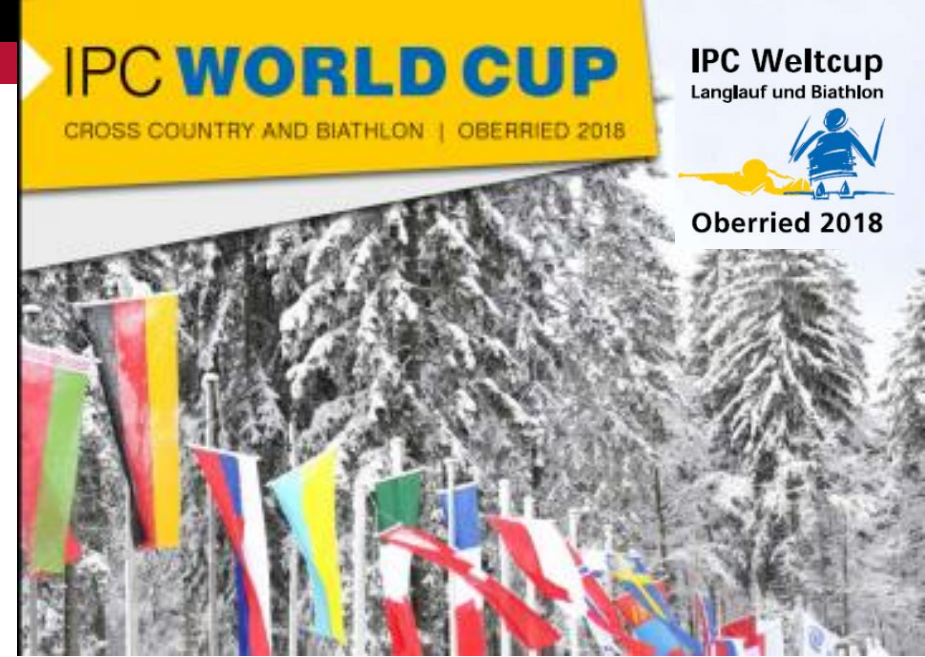
Static Visual Acuity (SVA)
1.0 logMAR

Visual Field (VF)
20° visual field radius



STUDY DESIGN

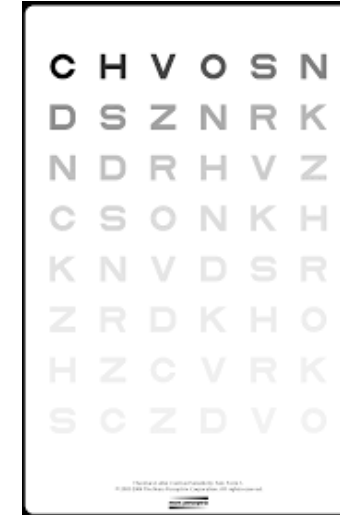
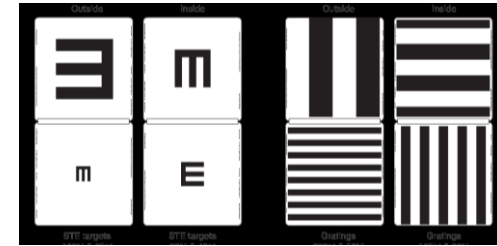
- With-in subject, repeated measures experimental design
- 2018 Para Nordic World Cup, Oberried, Germany
- Experienced adult ski racers
 - Guides, coaches, team members, members of the local ski club
- Two visits



METHODS

Visit 1:

- Questionnaire
- Vision function assessment (binocular)
 - Static visual acuity – ETDRS, BRVT charts (logMAR)
 - Contrast sensitivity – MARs chart (logCS)
 - Visual field - Arc perimeter (Esterman scoring in %)
- Conditions: Habitual & Simulated impairments



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SIMULATED IMPAIRMENTS

Cambridge simulation glasses (8 levels)

- Visual Acuity
 - -0.02 to 1.36 logMAR
- Contrast Sensitivity
 - 1.77 to 0.34 logCS

Painted goggles (6 levels)

- Visual Field
 - 85% to 20% visual field extent



VISIT 2: SKIING TRIALS

- 400 to 500m course
- 18 skiing trials total
- First and last trials with clear goggles
- Middle 16 trials included:
 - 2 clear goggle trials
 - 8 visual acuity + contrast sensitivity impairments
 - 6 visual field impairments
 - Randomly assigned
- Time to complete each run compared to baseline
 - Average of 4 clear goggle trials



DATA ANALYSIS

- Normality: Shapiro-Wilk test, Q-Q plots
- Friedman's Two-Way Analysis of Variance ($p < 0.05$) with Dunn post-hoc test
 - Order & fatigue effects on race time
 - Simulation effects on race time
- ROC analysis
 - Youden's J: optimum criteria - maximum sensitivity and specificity
 - Sensitivity: correctly include skiers with eligible vision impairments
 - Specificity: correctly exclude skiers without eligible vision impairments



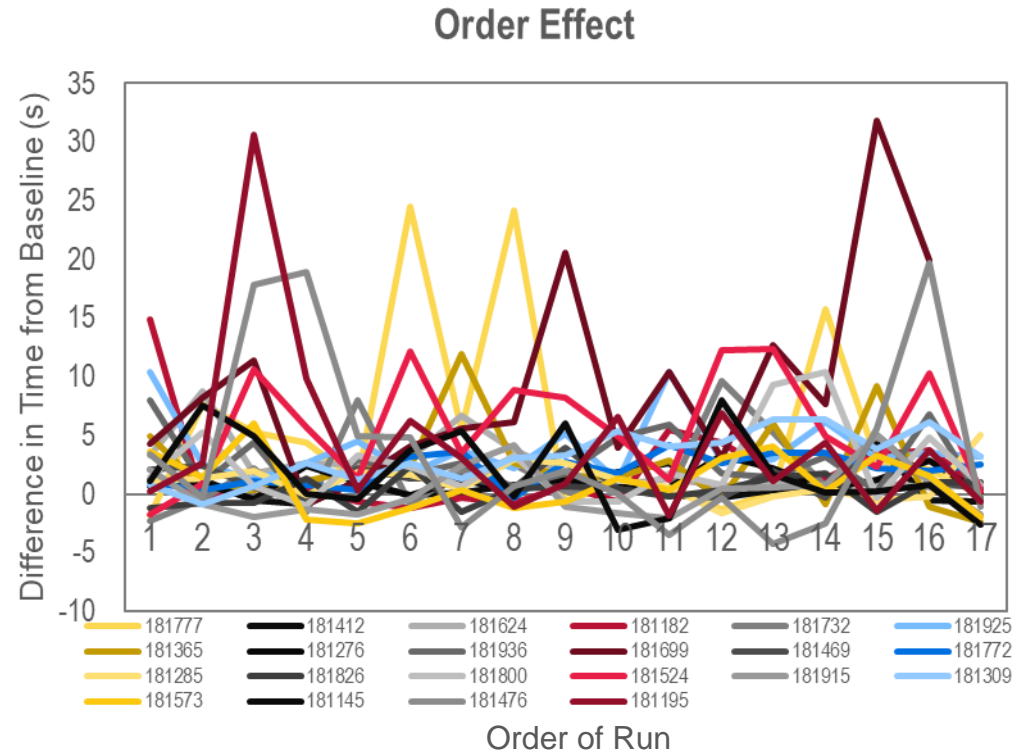
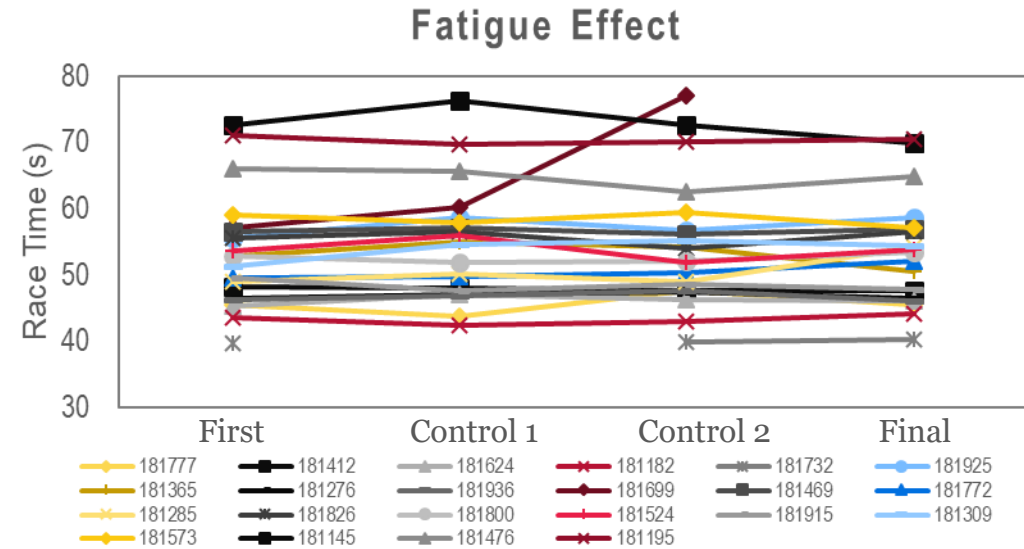
POPULATION

- 22 sighted, experienced Nordic skiers (6 Females, 16 Males)
 - 28.09 ± 9.67 yrs; range: 16 to 50 yrs
 - Coaches (12), Guides (5), local ski club (4), Physio (1)
 - 11 Nations
- Years of experience: 21.59 ± 10.86 yrs; range: 5 to 44 yrs
- Total hours of skiing in a week: 8.90 ± 4.68 hrs; range: 1 to 20 hrs



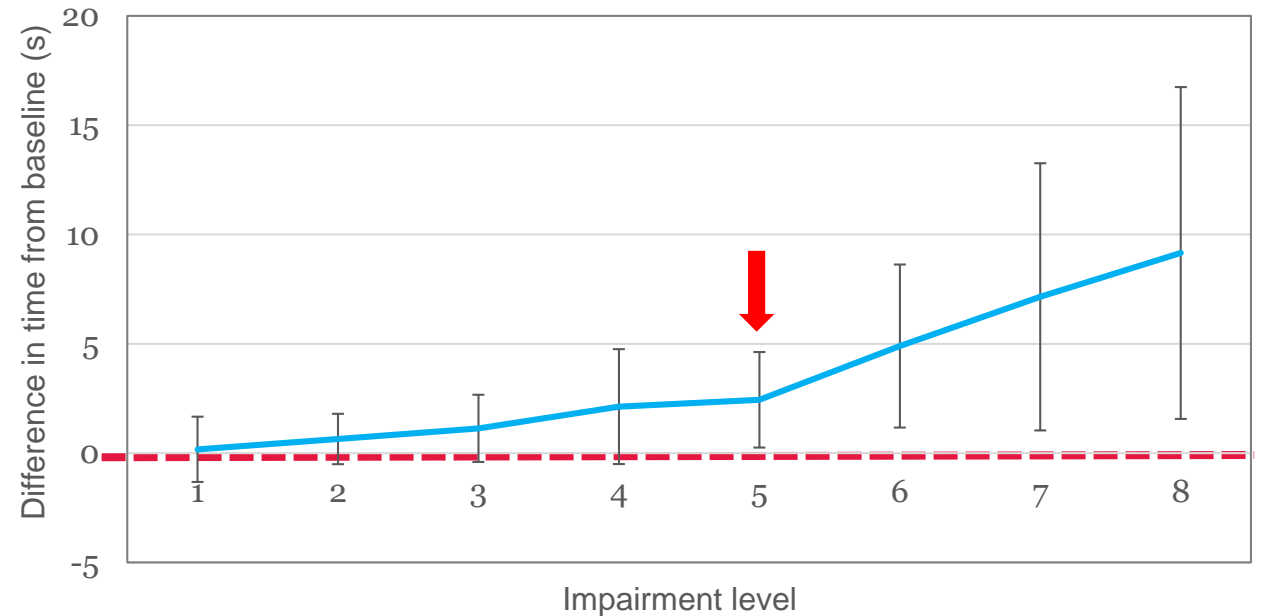
ORDER & FATIGUE EFFECTS

- No difference in race time was found across the clear goggle trials
 - Skiers could maintain a consistent race pace
- No systematic order effect on performance in the data
 - Skiers did not get progressively faster as they became more familiar with the course



SIMULATION EFFECT: VISUAL ACUITY & CONTRAST SENSITIVITY

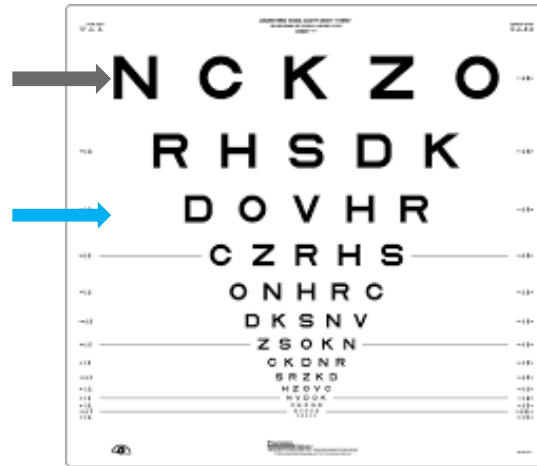
- Simulated impairment trials compared to baseline time
- Race time increased gradually
 - Steeper increase from Level 5
 - $0.85 \pm 0.1 \log\text{MAR}$
 - $0.95 \pm 0.11 \log\text{CS}$



OPTIMUM CUT-OFF: VISUAL ACUITY

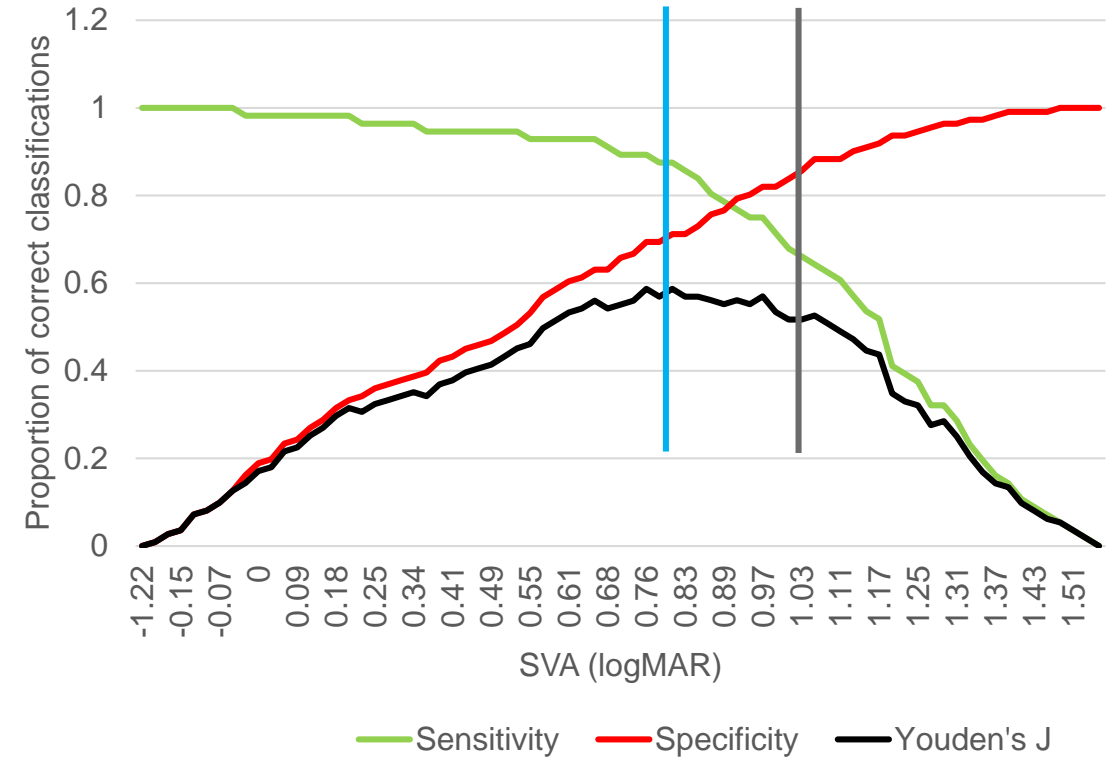
At 0.81 logMAR
Youden's J = 0.59

- Sensitivity: 0.88
- Specificity: 0.71



At 1.01 logMAR (B3)
Youden's J = 0.52

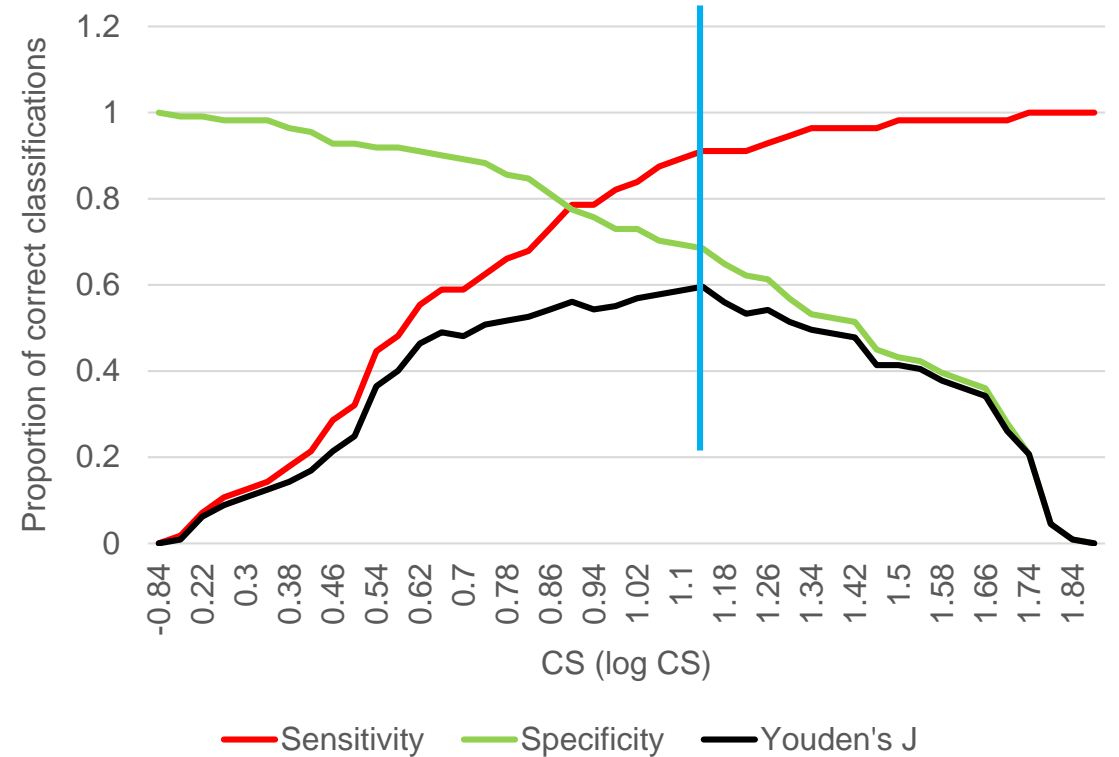
- Sensitivity: 0.68
- Specificity: 0.84



OPTIMUM CUT-OFF: CONTRAST SENSITIVITY

At 1.14 logCS
Youden's J = 0.60

- Sensitivity: 0.91
- Specificity: 0.69

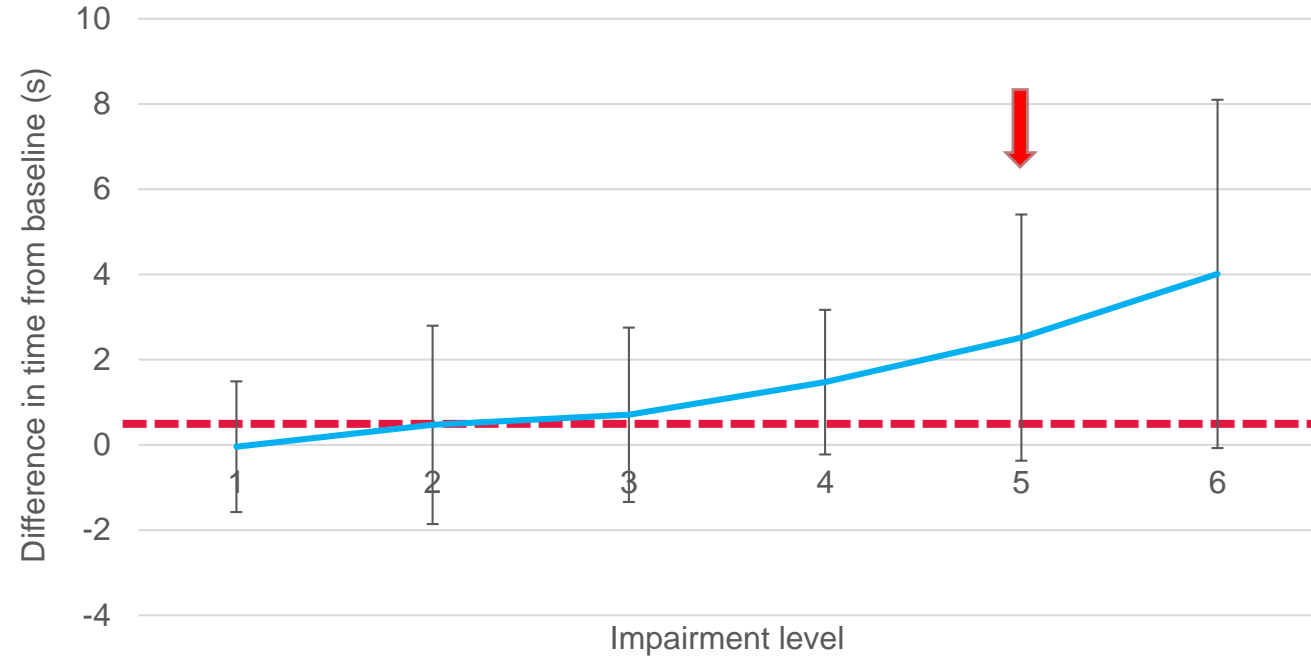
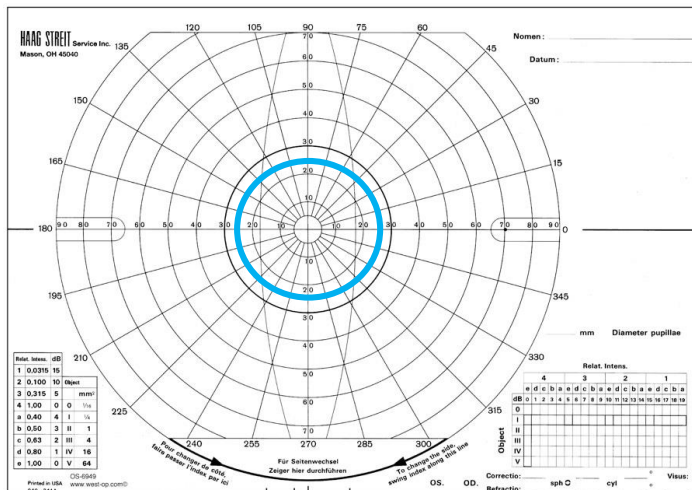


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SIMULATION EFFECT: VISUAL FIELD

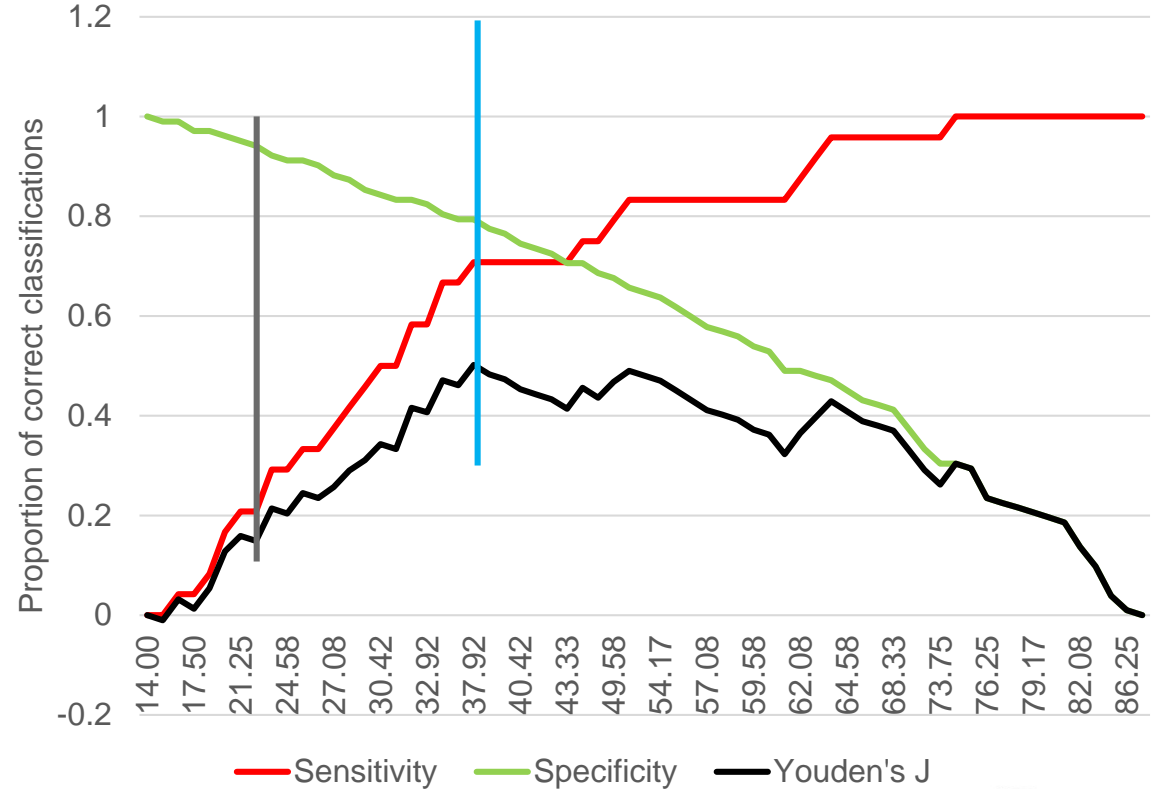
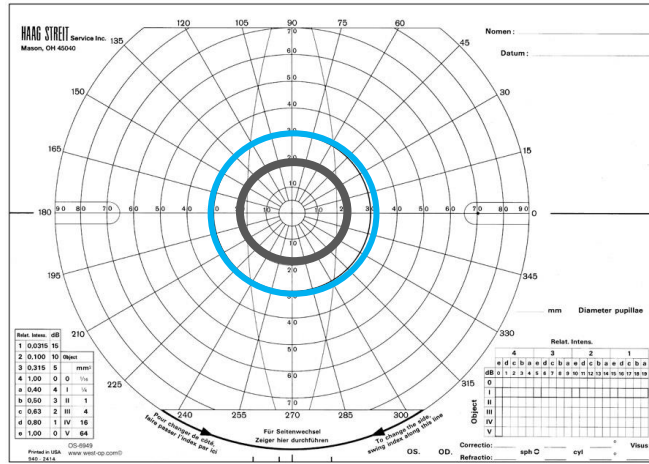
- Skiing performance decreased gradually
- Significantly different at Level 5
 - **33.4% visual field extent**



OPTIMUM CUT-OFF: VISUAL FIELD

At 37.9%
Youden's J = 0.50
 Sensitivity: 0.71
 Specificity: 0.79

at 21.7% (B3)
Youden's J = 0.16
 Sensitivity: 0.21
 Specificity: 0.95



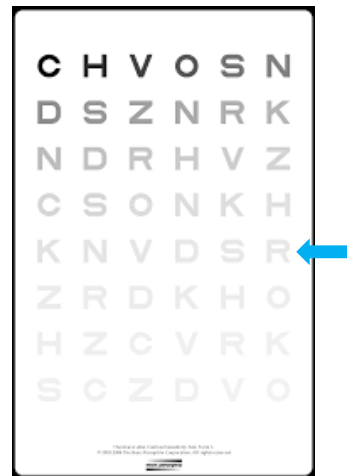
CONCLUSION

- Moderate reductions in visual acuity, contrast sensitivity, and visual field appear to affect skiing performance negatively

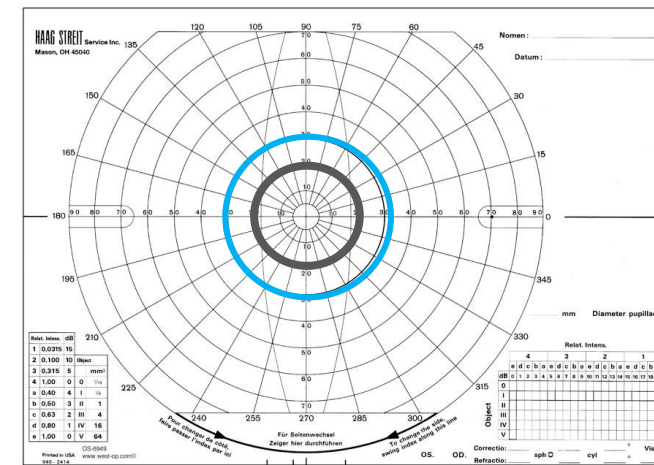
Visual Acuity At 0.81 logMAR



Contrast Sensitivity At 1.14 logCS



Visual Field At 38% (Esterman score)



Acknowledgements

- World Para Nordic Skiing and the International Paralympic Committee
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Classification Research Partner

